

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Plaintiff [sic]

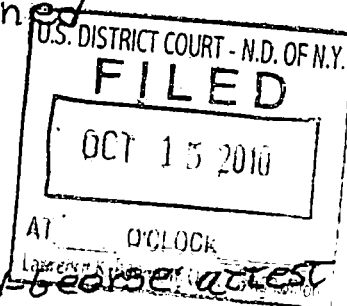
V.

ED PARENTEAU
Defendant [sic]

Case # 1:10-cr-320 (TJM)

in execution the judgment:

execution of judgment
already determined



1. I, Ed-George: (family-Parenateau) herein after Ed-George attest that the F.B.I. agents, other officers and the UNITED STATES Attorneys have only told half truths and have submitted their false perspective of Affidavits, claims, information, statements and all filings and alleged indictment in an attempt to mislead and disrupt the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT however Judge David R. Homer recognized that fact and evidence by making a judicial determination of not guilty on all charges which is the final decision order by the court by making the judicial determination of the established facts and evidence, and

2. I, Ed-George: attest that the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Judge David R. Homer on July 21, 2010 made a judicial determination final decision order by the court of not guilty on all charges as evidence by the certified copy of transcript of the court hearing on July 21, 2010 page 10 at numbers 15 to 25 and page 11 at numbers 1 to 19, and page 12 at numbers 22, 23 thereby making this matter now closed, making this matter now closed, making this matter now closed, and

3. I, Ed-George: attest that judgment final decision order by the court of not guilty on all charges was made by the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, Judge David R. Homer, and has failed to execute the judgment already judicially determined, and is still unlawfully against my will holding me in jail to date, see judicial determination (A final decision by a court, and the court's determination of the issue), BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, and power of the court to decide and pronounce a judgment and carry it into effect between persons who bring a case before it for decision) defined by Mr. Justice Miller, Bettsman v. Keatney, 241 F. 884 Sixth Cir., and

Established facts and evidence

4. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that demonstrates by facts that the alleged indictment is not fatally defective because "it does not state a (jurisdiction, venue) location that the alleged charge took place" i.e., "beginning on or about date in the city/town of name, and county of name, in the state of New York, and northern district of New York defendant name did commit ---" that is required by law, see United States v. Miller, 471 US 130 that has already been judicially determined, and

5. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that demonstrates by facts in law that the alleged indictment is not fatally defective because "it does not state any facts, (something that actually exists) showing that the alleged defendant devised any scheme or artifice to defraud" that is required by law, see Etheredge v. United States, 186 Fed. 434 that has already been judicially determined, and

6. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that the alleged indictment is not fatally defective because "it does not charge an intent on the part of the alleged defendant to use postoffice establishment as a means to effect the ~~the~~ scheme or artifice" that is required by law, see United States v. Britton, 108 US 199, and United States v. Chvickshank, 92 US 544 that has already been judicially determined, and

7. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that demonstrates by facts in law that the alleged indictment is not fatally defective because "it does not expressly state that defendant had a specific intent to defraud, and expressly state that defendant knowingly used mail in relation to the offense that is an essential element of section 18 U.S.C. 1341, 1349), the indictment was fatally defective" that is required by law, see Fasvie v. United States, 272 US 620, and United States v. Santeramo, 45 F.3d 622 Second Cir that has already been judicially determined, and

8. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that would establish by facts, evidence in law that the alleged indictment is not fatally defective because "in criminal case a failure of the indictment to charge an offense

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may be treated as a jurisdictional defect, and an appellate court must notice such a flaw -- that is required by law, see United States v. Foley, 73 F.3d 484 second cir that has already been judicially determined, and

9. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that would establish by facts, evidence in law that the U.S. DISTRICT COURT had any jurisdiction in this alleged charge of 18 U.S.C. 1341 because the law does not establish a general federal remedy against fraudulent conduct, with use of the mails as the jurisdictional hook, but reaches only those limited instances in which the use of the mails is a part of the execution of the fraud because no facts, (something that actually exists) evidence has been presented to establish facts in law that any use of the mail was a part of a execution of any fraud therefore it is an established fact the U.S. DISTRICT COURT does not have any jurisdiction in this alleged case that is required by law, see Schmuck v. United States, 489 US 705 that has already been judicially determined, and

10. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that would establish by facts, evidence in law that the U.S. DISTRICT COURT had any jurisdiction in this alleged case because 18 U.S.C. 1341 this federal statute is not violated by a fraudulent scheme in which at some point, a mailing happens to occur -- because the mailing must be in furtherance of the fraud because no facts, (something that actually exists) evidence has been presented to establish facts in law that any fraud existed, therefore it is an established fact in law the U.S. DISTRICT COURT does not have any jurisdiction in this alleged case that is required by law, see Kann v. United States, 323 US 88 that has already been judicially determined, and

11. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that would establish by facts, evidence in law that the U.S. DISTRICT COURT had any jurisdiction in this alleged case because the federal mail fraud

statute does not purport to reach all frauds, but only those limited instances in which the use of the mails is part of the execution of the fraud" and "it is that act, and that alone, which confers jurisdiction upon the courts of the United States" because no facts, (something that actually exists) evidence has been presented to establish facts in law that any "fraud," use of mail as part of execution of fraud" existed, therefore it is an established fact in law the U.S. DISTRICT COURT does not have any jurisdiction in this alleged case that is required by law, see Schmuck v. United States, 489 US 705, and Kuhn v. United States, 323 US 88 that has already been judicially determined, and

12. I, Ed-George: attest that I have not seen nor been presented with any facts, (something that actually exists) evidence in law that would establish by facts, evidence in law that the U.S. DISTRICT COURT had any jurisdiction in this alleged case because "the court held that those mailings were not in execution of the scheme as required by the statute," because no facts, (something that actually exists) evidence has been presented to establish facts in law that any use of mail was in the execution of a scheme of artifice" existed, therefore it is an established fact in law the U.S. DISTRICT COURT does not have any jurisdiction in this alleged case that is required by law, see Kuhn v. United States, 323 US 88, that has already been judicially determined, and

13. Therefore the already established judicial determination final decision order by the U.S. DISTRICT COURT, Judge David R. Homer made on the court record July 21, 2010 after determining all the established facts, evidence in law herein by law must execute the judgment by a nunc pro tunc written order of not guilty on all charges and release Ed-George; (family-parents) from jail now thereby closing this matter, and

14. I, Ed-George; declare and verify under penalty of perjury under the laws, for the United States of America without the "United States" that the following established facts are true and correct, and all matters pertaining to LSW addressed herein are accurate and true to the best of Ed-George's; current information, knowledge and belief so help me (God), Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1749(2), and

Proof and evidence of service

I, Ed-George; declare that I have served by post-office one original and one copy upon the parties listed below,

U.S. ATTORNEYS Richard D. Belliss one copy and
U.S. DISTRICT COURT one original this document
and the nunc pro tunc written order of not guilty on
all charges, and

DATE 10/13/2010

Ed-George
Ed-George: (family-parental)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Plaintiff [sic]

V.

ED PARENTEAU
Defendant [sic]

Case# 1:10-cr-320 (TJM)
nunc pro tunc order
by the court for the
execution of the judgment
already judicially
determined

FINAL DECISION and ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the judicial determination
Final decision order of not guilty on all charges made
on the court record, and transcript court hearings held by
Judge David A. Homer on July 21, 2010 page 10 at numbers 15 to 25
and page 11 numbers 1 to 19 and page 12 numbers 22, 23
filed in the court record, is hereby executed as
final decision order by this court of not guilty on all
charges and the release of Ed-George: (Family Parenteau)
from jail by this nunc pro tunc order by this court
for the reasons outlined in the execution of judgment
already judicially determined in numbers 1 to 13,
and this matter is now closed, and

SO ORDERED,

Date 1 / 2010

United States District Court
Judge